



**Spec No.: DS22-2010-0013** Effective Date: 04/14/2015

Revision: E

**LITE-ON DCC** 

**RELEASE** 

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



### 1. Description

The LTW (LiteOn White LED) is a revolutionary, energy efficient and ultra compact new light source, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies..

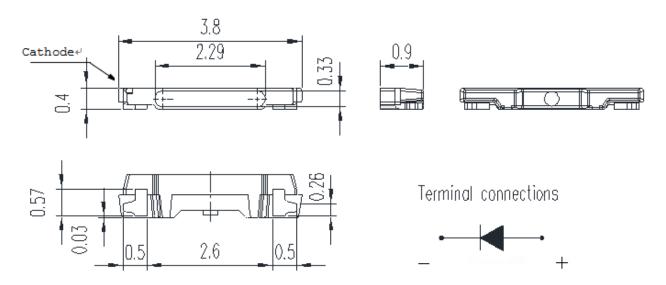
### 1. Features

- Package in 12mm tape on 7" diameter reels
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- EIA STD package.
- I.C. compatible.
- Meet green product and Pb-free(According to RoHS)

#### 1. Features

- Reading lights (car, bus, aircraft)
- Portable (flashlight, bicycle)
- Downlighters/Orientation
- Decorative/Entertainment
- Bollards/Security/Garden
- Cove/Undershelf/Task
- Traffic signaling/Beacons/ Rail crossing and Wayside
- Indoor/Outdoor Commercial and Residential Architectural
- Edge\_lit signs (Exit, point of sale)

### 2. Outline Dimensions



### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.1 mm (.004") unless otherwise noted.



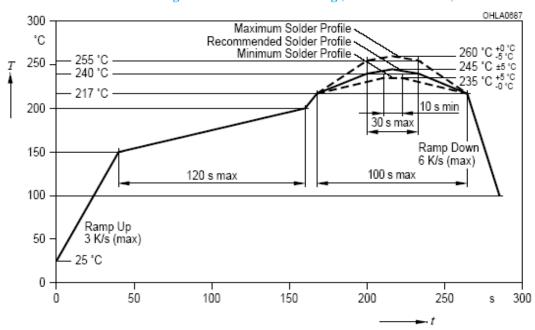
### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	LTW-010DCG	Unit	
Power Dissipation	120	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to + 85°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Reflow Soldering Condition	260°C For 10 Seconds		

Note: Operating the LED (in an application) under reverse bias condition might result in damage or failure of the component.

### **Suggest IR Reflow Condition:**

### R-Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering (Acc. to J-STD-020D)





### Electro-Optical Characteristics at Ta=25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Part No. LTW-	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	IV	010DCG	1900		2600	mcd	IF = 20mA Note 1, 2, 5
Viewing Angle	201/2	010DCG		115		deg	Fig.6
Chromaticity Coordinates	X	010DCG		0.301			IF = 20mA
	у			0.283			Note 3, 5 Fig.1
Forward Voltage	VF	010DCG	2.9		3.6	V	IF = 20mA

#### Notes:

- 1. Luminous flux is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. Lm classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 3. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) is derived from the 1931 CIE chromaticity diagram.
- 4. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a wrist band or anti-Electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

- 5. CAS140B is the test standard for the chromaticity coordinates  $(x,\,y)$  & lm.
- 6. The chromaticity coordinates  $(x,\,y)$  guarantee should be added +/- 0.01 tolerance.



### Bin Code List

V <sub>F</sub> Spec. Table				
Forward Voltage (volts) at IF = 20mA				
V <sub>F</sub> Bin	Min.	Max.		
V0	2.9	3.0		
V1	3.0	3.1		
V2	3.1	3.2		
V3	3.2	3.3		
V4	3.3	3.4		
V5	3.4	3.5		
V6	3.5	3.6		

Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is +/- 0.1 V

Luminous Flux Spec. Table				
IV Bin	Luminous Intensity	nous Intensity (mcd) at IF = 20mA		
I V DIII	Min.	Max.		
G	1900	2000		
Н	2000	2100		
I	2100	2200		
J	2200	2300		
K	2300	2400		
L	2400	2500		
M	2500	2600		

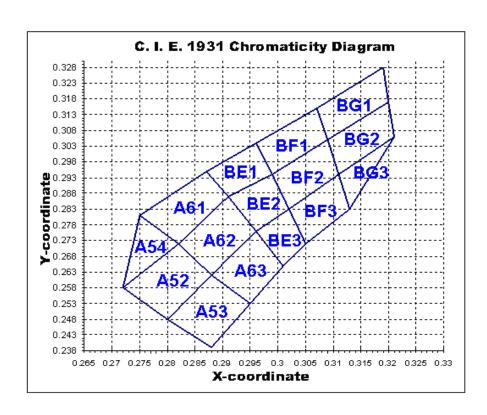
Tolerance on each Luminous Intensity bin and Luminous Flux are  $\pm$ 10%, and IV (mcd) is for reference



Color Ranks Table					
	Color bin limits at IF = 20mA				
Ranks	CIE 1931Chromaticity coordinates				
A 50	X	0.280	0.272	0.282	0.288
A52	y	0.248	0.258	0.272	0.262
A 52	X	0.288	0.280	0.288	0.295
A53	y	0.239	0.248	0.262	0.253
A 5.4	X	0.272	0.275	0.282	
A54	y	0.258	0.281	0.272	
A.C.1	X	0.282	0.275	0.287	0.291
A61	y	0.272	0.281	0.295	0.287
A.62	X	0.288	0.282	0.291	0.296
A62	y	0.262	0.272	0.287	0.276
A.C2	X	0.295	0.288	0.296	0.301
A63	y	0.253	0.262	0.276	0.265
DE1	X	0.291	0.287	0.296	0.299
BE1	y	0.287	0.295	0.304	0.294
DE3	X	0.296	0.291	0.299	0.302
BE2	y	0.276	0.287	0.294	0.283
DE2	X	0.301	0.296	0.302	0.305
BE3	y	0.265	0.276	0.283	0.272
BF1	X	0.299	0.296	0.307	0.309
DF1	y	0.294	0.304	0.315	0.305
BF2	X	0.302	0.299	0.309	0.311
Dr 2	y	0.283	0.294	0.305	0.294
BF3	X	0.305	0.302	0.311	0.313
Dr 3	y	0.272	0.283	0.294	0.283
BG1	X	0.309	0.307	0.319	0.320
DGI	y	0.305	0.315	0.328	0.317
BG2	X	0.311	0.309	0.320	0.321
DG2	y	0.294	0.305	0.317	0.306
BG3	X	0.313	0.311	0.321	
	y	0.283	0.294	0.306	

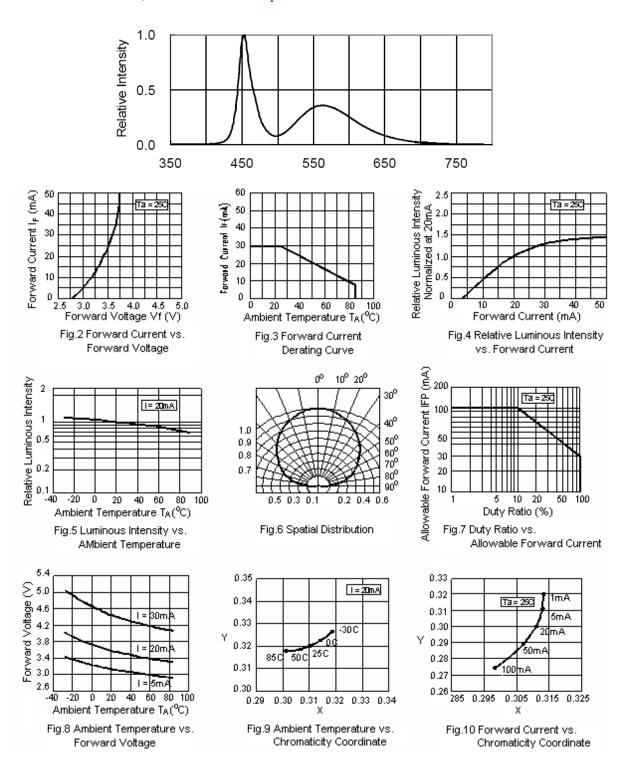
Tolerance on each Hue (x, y) bin is  $\pm -0.01$ 







## Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted





### User Guide

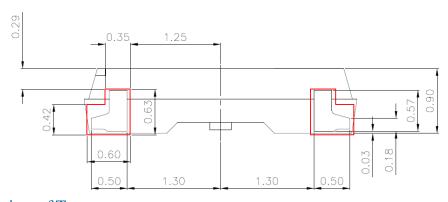
### Cleaning

Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package.

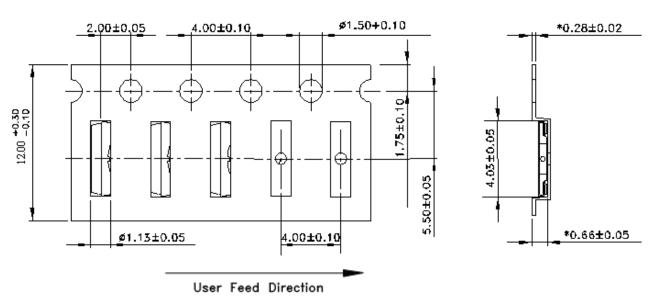
If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less than one minute.

### **Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad**

Infrared / vapor phase Reflow Soldering



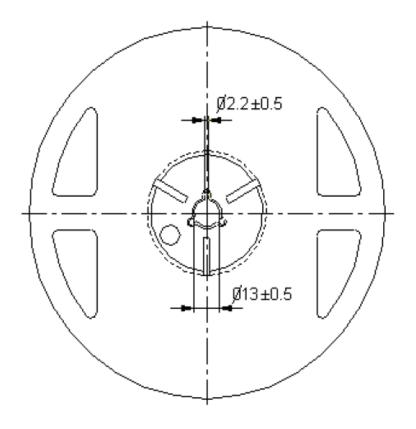
### Package Dimensions of Tape



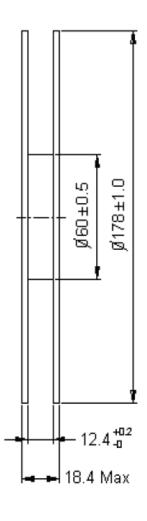
Note: All dimensions are in mm.



### Package Dimensions of Reel



Note: 01. The tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.1mm 02. The measured unit is "mm"



### Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 7 inch reel- maximum 2000 pieces per reel.
- 3. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
- 4. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.



### **CAUTIONS**

### 1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

### 2. Storage

This product is qualified as Moisture sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handing this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30 °C or less and 90% RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The LEDs should be stored at 30 °C or less and 60%RH or less. Moreover, the LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If the Humidity Indicator shows the pink color in 10% even higher or exceed the storage limiting time since opened, that we recommended to baking LEDs at 60°C at least 48hrs. To seal the remainder LEDs return to package, it's recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

### 3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

### 4. Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

Reflow soldering		Soldering iron		
Pre-heat 120~150 ℃ T		Temperature	300 ℃ Max.	
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.	
Soldering Temp. Soldering time	260 ℃ Max.		(one time only)	
	30 sec. Max.			

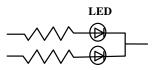




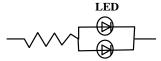
### 5. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

### Circuit model A



### Circuit model B



- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

### 6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-Electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between
   LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents

To verify for ESD damage, check for "lightup" and Vf of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

The Vf of "good" LEDs should be >2.0V@0.1mA for InGaN product





### 7.1 Reliability Test

Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard	Note	Number of Damaged
Solderability (Reflow Soldering)	Tsld=245±5°C, 3sec.	JEITA ED-4701 300 303	1 time Over 95%	0/50
Thermal Shock	-30°C ~ 85°C 30min. 30min.	JEITA ED-4701 300 307	100 cycles	0/50
Temperature Cycle	-40°C ~ 25°C ~ 100°C ~ 25°C	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	100 cycles	0/50
High Temperature Storage	Ta=100°C	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	1000 hrs.	0/50
Temperature Humidity Storage	Ta=60°€, RH=90%	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	1000 hrs.	0/50
Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-40°C	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	1000 hrs.	0/50
Steady State Operating Life Condition 1	Ta=25°C, IF=20mA		1000 hrs.	0/50
Steady State Operating Life Condition 2	Ta=25°C, IF=30mA		500 hrs.	0/50
Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature	Ta=85°C, IF=5mA		1000 hrs.	0/50
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat	60°C, RH=90%, IF=15mA		500 hrs.	0/50
Steady State Operating Life of low Temperature	Ta=-30°C, IF=20mA		1000 hrs.	0/50
Solderability (Reflow Soldering)	Tsld=245±5°C, 3sec.	JEITA ED-4701 300 303	1 time Over 95%	0/50



### 7.2 Criteria for Judging the Damage

Itam	Cumbal	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA	-	U.S.L. $ imes$ 1.1	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	U.S.L. $ imes$ 0.7	-	

### 8. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

### 9. Suggested Checking List

### Training and Certification

- 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

### Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe workstation or work-Areas have ESD signs?
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

### Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V\*?
- 4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- $5. \ All \ wrist \ strap \ or \ heel \ strap \ checkers \ calibration \ up \ to \ date?$

Note: \*50V for Blue LED.

#### Device Handling

- 1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?





#### Others

- 1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 3. Are audit records complete and on file?